

UNITED STAT DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Patent and Trademark Offic

Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS

Washington, D.C. 20231

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 09/323,738 06/01/99 OSBORNE W P-UW-3570 **EXAMINER** 023691 HM12/0919 CAMPBELL & FLORES LLP EWOLDT. G 4370 LA JOLLA VILLAGE DRIVE **ART UNIT** PAPER NUMBER 7TH FLOOR SAN DIEGO CA 92122 1644 **DATE MAILED:** 09/19/01

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trad marks

Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/323,738

Applican (s)

Osborne et al.

Examiner

G. R. Ewoldt

Art Unit 1644



The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address	
Period for Reply	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	「TO EXPIRE3 MONTH(S) FROM
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communi-	
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day	
	period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). The mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any
Status	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on Jul 2, 20	
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This ac	ction is non-final.
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance closed in accordance with the practice under Ex pa	except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is arte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims	
4) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-40</u>	is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above, claim(s) 1-16 and 40	is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5) Claim(s)	is/are allowed.
6) 💢 Claim(s) 17-39	is/are rejected.
7)	is/are objected to.
8) Claims	are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.
Application Papers	
9) \square The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/ard	e objected to by the Examiner.
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) \square approved b) \square disapproved.
12) \square The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exam	niner.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
13) \square Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign $\mathfrak p$	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).
a) \square All b) \square Some* c) \square None of:	
1. \square Certified copies of the priority documents have	ve been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have	ve been received in Application No
 Copies of the certified copies of the priority of application from the International Bure* *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the 	
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	
	priority and a cross of the con-
Attachment(s)	
15) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 16) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	18) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)
17) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	20) Other:

Art Unit: 1644

DETAILED ACTION

- 1. The examiner of your application in the PTO has changed. To aid in correlating any papers for this application, all further correspondence regarding this application should be directed to Dr. Gerald R. Ewoldt, Group Art Unit 1644.
- 2. In view of response, filed 7/02/01, all previous rejections have been withdrawn.
- 3. The following are New Grounds for Rejection.
- 4. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. \S 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

- 5. Claims 17-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for:
- a method of treating diabetes or forestalling a clinical symptom indicative of diabetes comprising implanting into an individual smooth muscle cells comprising a polyfluoroethylene prosthetic graft transfected with the vector/plasmid LhI*TgFuSN, does not reasonably provide enablement for:
- a method of treating diabetes or forestalling a clinical symptom indicative of diabetes comprising implanting into an individual cells:
- A) coexpressing proinsulin containing a proinsulin cleavage site,
 - B) coexpressing a glucose-regulated protease,
- C) comprising a proinsulin cleavage site consisting of SEQ ID NO:7 .

The specification disclosure is insufficient to enable one skilled in the art to practice the invention as broadly claimed without an undue amount of experimentation. The scope of the claims are not commensurate with the enablement provided by the disclosure with regard to the breadth of the compositions encompassed by the claims.

Serial No. 09/323,738 Art Unit: 1644

Note that the specification provides a single *in vivo* example consisting of the expression of a single nucleic acid construct in a single cell type demonstrating the efficacy of the claimed method. The pending claims, however, are generic in nature, encompassing any cell type that might express any proinsulin comprising any protease cleavage site that might be cleaved by any protease expressed under a glucose-regulated promoter. The specification is insufficient to support such generic claims.

Specifically, as claimed, the method would encompass the use of transfected β islet cells which are well known in the art to comprise antigens targeting said cells for destruction in a diabetic individual. As such, the claimed method could not function employing said cells (see Janeway et al., 1994).

Regarding "proinsulin containing a proinsulin cleavage site," proinsulin is a well-known molecule, see for example Stryer (1981), known to require two cleavages to become insulin. Thus, the recited method can not function as claimed because insulin can not be derived from proinsulin after a single cleavage. Applicant's attempt to redefine "proinsulin" as a recombinant molecule capable of becoming insulin after a single cleavage is improper and must be considered an attempt to redefine "proinsulin" in a way that would be repugnant to the usual meaning of the term.

Regarding "coexpressing a glucose-regulated protease," the single working example of the specification discloses the use of a single protease, furin, while the specification lists a number of additional proteases, including PC2 and PC3. The prior art however, teaches that the proteases are not interchangeable. See, for example, Smeekens et al. (1992, IDS) which teaches that while furin is capable of converting proinsulin to insulin, PC2 alone is not. Thus, the recited method can not function through the use of any "glucose-regulated protease" as claimed.

Finally note that Claims 27 and 39 recite a protease cleavage site comprising SEQ ID NO:7. The single working example of the specification, however, discloses the use of a protease cleavage site comprising SEQ ID NO:8. Given the teachings of Smeekens et al. (above) teaching that insulin cleaving proteases are not interchangeable, as well as Groskreutz et al. (1994, IDS), which indicates that the furin consensus cleavage site comprises SEQ ID NO:8, the practice of the invention as claimed would be highly unpredictable.

Serial No. 09/323,738 Art Unit: 1644

In re Wands, 858 F.2d at 737, 8 USPQ2d at 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988) indicates that the more unpredictable an area is, the more specific enablement is necessary in order to satisfy the statute. Thus, in view of the quantity of experimentation necessary, the lack of other than a single working example, the unpredictability of the art, the lack of sufficient guidance in the specification, and the breadth of the claims, it would take undue trials and errors to practice the claimed invention.

6. Claims 28-30 and 32-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

There is insufficient written description to show that Applicant was in possession of a "hexoamine biosynthetic pathway enzyme," other than glutamine:fructose-6-phosphate amidotransferase. The specification discloses just the single species of the claimed genus, thus, one of skill in the art would conclude that the specification fails to disclose a representative number of species to describe said claimed genus. See *Eli Lilly*, 119 F.3d 1559, 43 USPQ2d 1398.

7. No claim is allowed.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dr. Gerald Ewoldt whose telephone number is (703) 308-9805. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday and alternate Fridays from 7:30 am to 5:30 pm. A message may be left on the examiner's voice mail service. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christina Chan can be reached on (703) 308-3973. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Technology Center 1600 receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Art Unit: 1644

5

Papers related to this application may be submitted to Technology Center 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Technology Center 1600 via the PTO Fax Center located in Crystal Mall 1. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989). The CM1 Fax Center telephone number is (703) 305-3014.

G.R. Ewoldt, Ph.D.
Patent Examiner
Technology Center 1600
September 17, 2001

Patrick J. Nolan, Ph.D.

Primary Examiner

Technology Center 1600